Additional expenses include, but are not limited to:

- $200 Surrogate Screening Bonus
- $2000 Level 1 Screening (to be received after you sign your contract with intended mother)
- $2000 Medical Screening (to be received after you pass the medical screening)
- Full travel expenses (up to $3700)
- plus lost wages or direct losses (subject to base pay)
- $2000 per month for 12 months for employer to cover lost pay
- $70 per day for food and travel
- Monthly Miscellaneous: 10% of gross pay for laundry, toothbrush, etc.

Possible extra fees may include, but are not limited to:

- Pregnancy Termination: $1,000
- Selective Reduction: $5,000
- Invasive Procedures: $500 (per pregnancy)
- Ovarian Ovarian Reduction: $2,000
- Reimbursement for lost wages: $6,000

Additional expenses include, but are not limited to:

$500 Expedited Screening Bonus
$250 Signing Fee (to be received after you sign your contract with Intended Parents)
$500 Medical Screening Fee (to be received after you attend the medical screening)
Paid travel expenses to IVF clinics, plus lost wages or childcare (added to base fee)
$200/mo for Miscellaneous expenses when you begin cycle medications (added to base fee)
$750 per transfer (added to base fee)
Monthly Miscellaneous Fee: $200/month (estimated $3,000+ total)
Maternity Clothing: $500 | $750 multiples
Housekeeping: $400 (during last month of pregnancy)
Post-birth Recovery: $1,200 (vaginal delivery) | $2,400 (C-section)
$250,000 Life Insurance Policy

Possible extra fees may include, but are not limited to:
Pregnancy Termination: $1,000
Selective Reduction: $1,000
Invasive Procedure: $500 (per procedure)
Doctor-Ordered Bedrest: $5,400+
Reproductive Organ Loss: $3,000
MISSISSIPPI

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most situations, depending on the court.

ALABAMA

Both traditional and gestational surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Surrogacy is, however, exempt by statute from child-selling prohibitions and from adoption rules.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

To obtain a pre-birth parentage order, the intended parents must be married or in a civil union.

GEORGIA

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted.
ALASKA

Both types of surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

The Court has granted one pre-pregnancy order but to a married heterosexual couple. There is uncertainty about whether such orders would be granted under other circumstances.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally

**Arizona**
Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

HOWEVER, contracts are unenforceable: there is nothing to stop either party changing their mind.

Only married, heterosexual couples can be granted a pre-birth parentage order, and only if they use their own egg and sperm. Otherwise, adoption proceedings must be followed.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

**New Mexico**

Pre-parentage birthing orders have generally been granted except for in the case of intended single parents. New Mexico law does not favor annulling a parent’s financial responsibility for a child without a replacement.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.

Colorado is a "surrogacy-friendly" state.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus additional expenses.*
Arkansas

Gestational surrogacy is permitted by Arkansas Code § 9-10-201.


The gestational mother must be named initially on the birth certificate; but can later be replaced by the name of the intended mother.

There are no statutes for or against traditional surrogacy.

Only a genetically-related parent can be granted a pre-birth parentage order.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Alaska

Both traditional and gestational surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Mississippi

Both traditional and gestational surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Surrogacy is, however, subject to court prohibitions and from case to case.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Texas

Traditional surrogacy contracts are void and unenforceable by law.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Louisiana

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most situations, depending on the court.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
COLORADO

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Colorado is a "surrogacy-friendly" state.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

NEBRASKA

All paid surrogacy arrangements are illegal.

There is no legislation yet regarding ‘altruistic’ surrogacy situations. This means that surrogacy can be in-facto practiced if an Intended Father provides his own sperm. The intended mother can then adopt the child.

Through contracts are void and unenforceable, the law provides that the biological father is the legal parent of any surrogacy situations. This means that surrogacy can be in-facto practiced if an Intended Father provides his own sperm. The intended mother can then adopt the child.

NEW MEXICO


OKLAHOMA

Gestational surrogacy is not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against it. Paid traditional surrogacy agreements are not prohibited.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

KANSAS

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

GESTATIONAL surrogates can expect a base fee of $30-35k however, adoption rules are applied to TRADITIONAL surrogacy, meaning that these cannot be compensated beyond medical expenses.
CONNECTICUT

Gestational surrogacy is legally permitted by Conn.Gen.Stat.§7-48a
https://law.justia.com/codes/ CONNECTICUT/2012/title-7/chapter-93/section-7-48a

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

There are no legislative prohibitions on traditional surrogacy, but pre-birth parentage orders cannot be obtained in these situations.

Raftopol v. Ramey, 12A.3d783 (2011)

Which ruled that birth certificates should reflect the names of the intended parents with a court parentage order, even if not biologically related.
Rules on Traditional surrogacy are unclear.

Gestational surrogacy is legal under the statute Delaware Code 13, § 8-801 through § 8-810.  
http://delcode.delaware.gov/title13/sc08/sc08/index.shtml

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses. *

Pre-birth parentage orders can be obtained in most situations but are not enforceable until birth.
Gestational Surrogacy is permitted by DC Law 21-0255.
https://code.dccouncil.us/dc/council/code/titles/16/chapters/4/

Traditional Surrogacy is also permitted by the same statute.

Pre-birth parentage orders are widely available, but not enforceable until birth.

The court’s order of parentage shall not be issued in a traditional surrogacy case for at least 48 hours after the birth of the child.
Traditional Surrogacy is permitted by Ch.63.213 FL Stat.
http://www.flsenate.gov/Laws/Statutes/2014/63.213

However, a traditional surrogate's consent can be revoked up to 48 hours after the birth.

Gestational Surrogacy is permitted by Ch.742.15 FL Stat.
http://www.flsenate.gov/Laws/Statutes/2014/742.15

Under this statute, only married couples may apply for parental status.

However, non-married couples can still participate, either by filing only for maternity or paternity status, or by engaging in a pre-planned adoption.

Base fee: $30-35k - plus additional expenses.*
Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

GEORGIA

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
HAWAII

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

No pre-birth parentage orders are granted whatsoever. Intended parents who are not biologically related to the child must follow adoption proceedings.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are not recognized.

Biological parents can claim rights post-birth. Otherwise, adoption proceedings must be followed.

Neither gestational nor traditional surrogacy is prohibited by statute in this state.
ILLINOIS

Gestational surrogacy is permitted by the 2005 Gestational Surrogacy Act.

Rules on traditional surrogacy remain unclear.
Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

Illinois is a "surrogacy-friendly" state.
Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally.

INDIANA

Under Indiana Code §31-20-1-1 (p.421), Surrogacy contracts are VOID AND UNENFORCEABLE.
https://iga.in.gov/legislative/laws/2014/ic/titles/031/

However, some people still practice surrogacy and some courts still grant pre-birth parentage orders.

Though the agreement is not guaranteed, surrogates can earn substantial sums of money.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

MISSOURI

Gestational and traditional surrogacy prohibited by law as there is no provision in place for or against.

Several extensive legislative prohibitions on child-selling law surrogacy to be prosecuted.

Tradi
Ky.Rep

Gestational surrogacy is permitted because it is illegal to be compensated for family

It is illegal to be compensated for family gestational

**ILLINOIS**


**规则 on traditional surrogacy remain unclear.**

**Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.**

**Illinois is a "surrogacy-friendly" state.**

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally.

**OHIO**


The case does not address traditional surrogacy, so rules on this practice remain unclear.

Courts grant pre-birth parentage orders in most circumstances, depending on the judge.

**Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.**

**INDIANA**

Under Indiana Code §31-1-10-11, Surrogacy contracts are VOID AND UNENFORCEABLE. [https://www.in.gov/tax/tax/surrogacy-agreement.html](https://www.in.gov/tax/tax/surrogacy-agreement.html)

However, some people still practice surrogacy and some courts still grant pre-birth parentage orders.

Though the agreement is not guaranteed, surrogates can still earn substantial sums of money.

**Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.**

**KENTUCKY**

Gestational surrogacy is permitted because there are no statutes prohibiting it.

It is illegal to be compensated for facilitating a surrogacy agreement, even if gestational.

**Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.**

**TENNESSEE**

Tenn. Code Ann. §36-1-102 (5) simply defines gestational surrogacy contracts, but neither allows nor prohibits them.

HC261612 | 6-21-12

There is no legislation currently defining or regulating traditional surrogacy.

**Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.**

**MISSOURI**

Although gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no specific legislation in place for or against.

NEVER, extensive legislative prohibitions on child-selling are interpreted to allow surrogacy to be prosecuted.

**Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.**

**Notes:**

- **A**: Surrogacy is permitted by Iowa Code Section 710.11 and Iowa Administrative Rules.
- **I**: Gestational Surrogacy is permitted in Illinois by the 2005 Gestational Surrogacy Act.
- **IN**: Gestational Surrogacy is permitted in Indiana by the 2005 Gestational Surrogacy Act.
- **K**: Traditional surrogacy is PROHIBITED by Ky.Rev.Stat. §199.590.
- **T**: Gestational surrogacy is permitted in Tennessee by Tenn. Code Ann. §36-1-102 (5).
Gestational and traditional surrogacy are permitted by Iowa Code Section §710.11 and Iowa Administrative Code Section 641-99.15.
https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/710.11.pdf

The woman carrying the child is the legal mother until after birth. Only a biological father can obtain a pre-birth parentage order.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
facto practiced if an Intended Father provides his own sperm. The intended mother can then adopt the child.

KANSAS

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

GESTATIONAL surrogates can expect a base fee of $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

HOWEVER, adoption rules are applied to TRADITIONAL surrogacy situations, meaning that these cannot be compensated beyond medical expenses.
However, some people still practice surrogacy and some courts still grant pre-birth parentage orders. Though the agreement is not guaranteed, surrogates can still earn substantial sums of money.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Courts grant pre-birth parentage orders in most circumstances, depending on the judge.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Gestational surrogacy is permitted because there are no statutes prohibiting it. It is illegal to be compensated for facilitating a surrogacy agreement, even if gestational.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

KENTUCKY


TENNESSEE

Gestational surrogacy contracts are regulated by state law.

Gestational surrogacy is permitted because there are no statutes prohibiting it. It is illegal to be compensated for facilitating a surrogacy agreement, even if gestational.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Tenn. Code Ann. §36-1-102 (50) simply defines gestational surrogacy contracts, but neither allows nor prohibits them.

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most cases, depending on the judge.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

No legislation currently exists to regulate traditional surrogacy.
Traditional surrogacy contracts are void and unenforceable under Louisiana Surrogacy Bill HB 1102 [MM1].


Gestational surrogacy is permitted for heterosexual intended parents, using their own egg and sperm, under strict conditions - INCLUDING A BAN ON MONETARY COMPENSATION.

The surrogate may be compensated for medical, legal and travel expenses, as well as lost wages.
Gestational surrogacy is permitted by the 2016 Maine Parentage Act, Title 19A, Chapter 61. [https://legislature.maine.gov/lawlibrary/what-is-maines-parentage-act/9480](https://legislature.maine.gov/lawlibrary/what-is-maines-parentage-act/9480)

Traditional surrogacy is permitted; but pre-birth parentage orders are only granted in this situation if the surrogate is a family member of the intended parents. Otherwise, the process is treated as an adoption.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*
MARYLAND

Gestational surrogacy was implicitly approved by the court in RE: Roberto d.B. (2003), and it was decided that it was lawful to remove the gestational mother’s name from the birth certificate.


The laws on traditional surrogacy remain very unclear. Generally, these situations are treated as adoptions, therefore placing a ban on monetary compensation beyond expenses.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Contracts are permitted but not commonly enforced. The surrogate must wait 4 days before relinquishing parental rights. The father of the intended parent couple must be biologically related to the child. Additional steps in the legal proceedings must be followed.

Fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.
Traditional and gestational surrogacy are both PROHIBITED, unless the arrangement is ALTRUISTIC.

Contracts which include payment for the surrogate are criminal, except if the money is limited to medical reimbursements and expenses related to the pregnancy.

Courts will grant a pre-birth parentage order only upon the filing of a consent motion, and only if at least one of the Intended Parents has a genetic tie to the child, the Intended Parents are married, and the Intended Parents and the Gestational Carrier each have independent legal representation.
Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parenthood orders are granted in some cases, depending on the court.

Gestational Surrogacy is permitted in Wisconsin. The Supreme Court decision Paternity of R.L., 2007 AP 2134, states that "except in cases where it is found to be in the best interests of the child."

https://www.wicourts.gov/sc/opinion/Disp
MISSISSIPPI

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most situations, depending on the court.

ALABAMA

Both traditional and gestational surrogacy are not prohibited by law, as there is no legislation for or against.

Surrogacy is, however, exempt from adoption prohibitions and from adoption.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

To obtain a pre-birth parentage, courts may order genetic testing to determine parentage.
MISSOURI

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

HOWEVER, extensive legislative prohibitions on child-selling may allow surrogacy to be prosecuted.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Illinois is a "surrogacy friendly" state.
Pre-birth orders can be issued liberally.

Rules on traditional surrogacy remain in place.
Base fee: $35-40k + plus additional expenses.*
MONTANA

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally.
NEBRASKA
All paid surrogacy arrangements are illegal. There is no legislation yet regarding ‘altruistic’ surrogacy.

Though contracts are void and unenforceable, the law provides that the biological father is the legal parent in surrogacy situations. This means that surrogacy can be de-facto practiced if an Intended Father provides his own sperm. The intended mother can then adopt the child.
NEVADA


However, there is no case law or statute to support traditional surrogacy.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

UTAH

Gestational surrogacy is permitted for parents under Utah Code Ann. § 78B-7-106. https://le.utah.gov/xcode/Title78B/Chap7-06/Sec7-06.htm

The statute explicitly excludes traditional surrogacy, but the practice is not expressly prohibited.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.

CALIFORNIA

Laws on traditional surrogacy are unclear; but gestational surrogacy is formally legalized by California Family Law Sections 7960 - 7962 (2013) and by case law (see above).

https://codes.findlaw.com/ca/family-code/7960-sec7960.html

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally in situations of gestational surrogacy; they are not granted in traditional surrogacy situations.
NEW JERSEY


Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

Under case law, Traditional Surrogacy is permitted only if it is uncompensated and if there is no pre-birth agreement to surrender the child.

Traditional Surrogacy agreements are unenforceable. The Intended Parents must wait until after delivery to adopt the child.
NEW MEXICO


Pre-parentage birthing orders have generally been granted, except for in the case of intended single parents. New Mexico law does not favor annulling a parent’s financial responsibility for a child without a replacement.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
NEW YORK

Compensated surrogacy contracts are illegal, and those in violation are subject to fines.

Altruistic contracts are unenforceable but not illegal.

A Gestational Carrier can receive only those payments and reimbursements that are allowed in New York adoptions (medical and hospital expenses directly related to the pregnancy and living expenses for 60 days before and 30 days after placement).

Pre-birth parentage orders are not granted, and only a genetically-related adult can receive parental status and cannot relinquish her rights until after the child's birth; otherwise (e.g., in the case of egg donation), full adoption must take place.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

The Act does not deal with traditional surrogacy, thus it is treated as adoption and must be unpaid beyond reasonable medical expenses.

Site of

Ratnapol V. Ramey, 12A.3d783 (2011)

Which ruled that birth certificates should reflect the names of the intended parents with a court parentage order, even if not biologically related.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus expenses.
NORTH CAROLINA

Gestational surrogacy is not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against it; rules on traditional surrogacy are unclear.

Pre-birth parentage orders are generally granted, depending on the county.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

SOUTH CAROLINA

Case law (Mid-South Ins. Co. v. Doe) implicitly validates surrogacy contracts.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.

No legislation currently exists regarding traditional surrogacy.

Conception Statute, but only to IPs who (a) meet enumerated restrictions and (b) are married. https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/20-156/

The gestational mother's payment is limited to medical and ancillary expenses.

The gestational mother cannot give her consent to the arrangement until three days after the birth. Pre-birth parentage orders are thus not available.
NORTH DAKOTA

Gestational Surrogacy is permitted by statute N.D. Cent. Code §§14-18, which states clearly and simply that a child born to a gestational carrier is the child of the intended parents for all purposes. The same code (Section 14-02.1-02) also bans abortion based on sex-selection or genetic defect.

https://www.legis.nd.gov/cencode/t14.html

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*
Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most cases.

SOUTH DAKOTA

MI

Both gestation and fertilization prohibited by or against.

Base fee: $+
Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in less cases, depending...

The case does not address traditional surrogacy, so rules on this practice remain unclear.

Courts grant pre-birth parentage orders in most circumstances, depending on the judge.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
OKLAHOMA

Gestational surrogacy is not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against it. Paid traditional surrogacy agreements are prohibited by Oklahoma Trafficking in Children Statute. Okla. Stat. 21 O.S. 866. [link]

These arrangements must instead be treated as adoptions.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are uncommon, but can be granted, depending on the court.
OREGON

Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $35-40k + plus additional expenses.*

Oregon is known to be one of the most “surrogacy-friendly” states.

Pre-parentage orders are generally granted to all intended parents, whether single or a couple.

ARK CASE LAW:

Both gestational by law as there

Pre-birth parent

Biologic
PENNSYLVANIA

No statutes prohibit gestational surrogacy.
In J.F. v. D.B., 897 A.2d1261 (2006), the Superior Court struck down a decision from lower courts that the gestational carrier was to be considered the “legal mother,” thus opening the way for surrogacy to be supported.


Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-parentage orders vary by county.
RHODE ISLAND

Gestational surrogacy is not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

The rules on traditional surrogacy are unclear, but there is some indication that paid contracts in this case are unenforceable.

Traditional surrogates are unable to relinquish their rights until after birth. Pre-birth parentage orders in gestational cases are widely available.

*For more information, visit 2/title-7/chapter-93/
SOUTH CAROLINA


Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most cases.

Traditional surrogacy, however, must be treated as adoption and therefore be “uncompensated” outside of “reasonable expenses.”
South Dakota
Both gestational and traditional surrogacy are not prohibited by law as there is no legislation in place for or against.
Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
Pre-birth parentage orders are granted in most cases.
Gestational surrogacy is permitted because there are no statutes prohibiting it. It is illegal to be compensated for facilitating a surrogacy agreement, even if gestational.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Tenn. Code Ann. §36-1-102 (50) simply defines gestational surrogacy contracts, but neither allows nor prohibits them.

The law indicates that the gestational mother is considered the “legal mother,” unless the intended parents use their own egg and sperm. Traditional surrogacy is also not prohibited, but the birth mother cannot relinquish her rights until after the birth.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*
https://statutes.capitol.texas.gov/Docs/FA/htm/FA.160.htm#160.751

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

Traditional surrogacy is treated the same as adoption, and thus cannot be compensated beyond “reasonable” medical expenses.

Traditional surrogacy contracts are void and unenforceable under Louisiana Surrogacy Bill HB 1102 (2011).

The surrogate may be compensated for travel expenses, as well as lost wages.

*These arrangements must instead be treated as adoptions.

Pre-birth parentage orders are uncommon, but can be granted, depending on the court.

The gestational mother must be named initially on the birth certificate; but can later be replaced by the named intended mother.

There are no statutes for or against traditional surrogacy.
妊娠代理在犹他州是允许的，适用于已婚的预期父母，根据犹他州法律 78B-15-801（2008年）。

https://le.utah.gov/xcode/Title78B/Chapter15/78B-15-S801.html

该法律明确排除了传统代理，但实践上不是明确禁止的。

基本费用：$30-35k + 另外的费用。

科罗拉多州是两个国家的'友好'州。

科罗拉多州既不禁止也不支持传统代理，法律和实践都是中立的。

基本费用：$30-35k + 另外的费用。
**VERMONT**

Gestational surrogacy is permitted in Vermont under the Vermont Parentage Act of 2018.


**NEW YORK**

Contracts are illegal, and those in violation are unenforceable but not illegal. A carrier can receive only those

**NEW HAMPSHIRE**


http://gencourt.state.nh.us/legislation/2014/38033

Base fee: $35-40k + plus expenses.*

The Act does not deal with traditional surrogacy, thus it is treated as adoption and must be unpaid beyond reasonable medical expenses.

(e.g., the surrogate must be at least 21 years old, have children, and be able to carry another child after...)

Base fee: $35-40k + plus...

Pre-birth parentage orders are granted liberally in...
Gestational and traditional surrogacy are permitted under Virginia’s Assisted Conception Statute, but only to IPs who (a) meet enumerated restrictions and (b) are married.  
[https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/20-156/](https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/20-156/)

The gestational mother's payment is limited to medical and ancillary expenses.

The gestational mother cannot give her consent to the arrangement until three days after the birth. Pre-birth parentage orders are thus not available.
Currently, only “altruistic” surrogacy is permitted. However, a new Act will come into effect Jan 1, 2019, which decriminalizes commercial surrogacy, subject to restrictions.

http://lawfilesext.leg.wa.gov/biennium/2017-18/Pdf/Bills/Senate%20Passed%20Legislature/6037-S.PL.pdf#page=1
Gestational surrogacy is permitted in code W.VA. Code §61-2-14h(e)(3).

Pre-birth parentage orders are permitted to married intended parent couples.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*

No legislation currently exists regarding traditional surrogacy.

Gestational and traditional surrogacy is limited by the Conception Statute, but only to (a) there is an egg donation and (b) are married.  https://law.wvlegislature.gov/statute.aspx?id=7197

The gestational mother's payment is limited.

The gestational mother cannot give birth to a child with genetic material from the biological mother.

West Virginia

Virginia
Gestational Surrogacy is permitted in Wisconsin by the Wisconsin Supreme Court decision Paternity of F.T.R., Rosecky v. Schissel, except in cases where it is found to be “contrary to the best interests of the child.”


This decision also legalized traditional surrogacy.

However, it held that the Traditional Surrogate could not be required to relinquish her parental rights, and that provisions in the contract regarding the child’s custody, placement, and visitation could be upheld so long as they were not contrary to the child’s best interest.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses *
Neither gestational surrogacy nor traditional surrogacy are prohibited by statute, however, it is very rarely practiced in this state.

Base fee: $30-35k + plus additional expenses.*